

NTTA TRIBAL BROADBAND SUMMIT APRIL 2024

Set up for Success: Proven Feasibility and Business Planning for Broadband Viability Feasibility and Funding 101



Feasibility Study 101

Market Data, Operational Cost, Conceptual Design, and Capital Requirements





THE OBJECTIVE

Tuba City

Market Data, Operational Cost, Conceptual Design, and Capital Requirements.

- Build to all Tribal Community Homes that are Unserved or Underserved with Fiber
- Ensure the Network is Constructable & Sustainable
- Identify Additional Revenue Opportunities FTTX



PROVIDERS IN THE AREA





WHAT A BASIC ISP OPERATION LOOKS LIKE

Running an Internet Service Provider (ISP) involves a variety of operations and resources. Here's an overview of the main components:

- Network Infrastructure:
 - **Routers and Switches**: These devices are essential for directing traffic within the network and between networks.
 - **Fiber Optic Cables**: High-speed, reliable internet service often requires a fiber-optic network backbone.
- Internet Backbone Connection:
 - This connection is usually established through dedicated high-speed lines.
- Software and Systems:
 - Billing and Subscriber Management Systems: For managing customer accounts, billing, and subscription plans.
 - **Network Management Software**: To monitor network performance, troubleshoot issues, and manage configurations.
 - **Security Software**: Firewalls, intrusion detection/prevention systems, and other security measures are crucial to protect the network and its users.
- Customer Support:
 - Help Desk/Support Staff: For assisting customers with technical issues, billing inquiries, and service provisioning.
 - **Knowledge Base and Documentation**: Providing online resources and documentation for self-help and troubleshooting.
- Legal and Regulatory Compliance:
 - Compliance with local, national, and international regulations governing telecommunications, data privacy, and internet services.
 - Legal resources may be required to navigate regulatory issues and ensure compliance.

- Human Resources:
 - **Technical Staff**: Network engineers, system administrators, and IT specialists to design, deploy, and maintain the network infrastructure.
 - **Customer Service Representatives**: To handle inquiries, troubleshoot issues, and provide support to customers.
 - **Management and Administrative Staff**: Executives, managers, and administrative personnel to oversee operations, finances, and compliance.
- Physical Facilities:
 - Offices, data centers, and network operation centers (NOCs) to house equipment, staff, and administrative functions.
 - Power backup systems (UPS, generators) and environmental controls (cooling systems) to ensure continuous operation of critical infrastructure.
- Marketing and Sales:
 - Marketing personnel to promote services, acquire new customers, and retain existing ones.
 - Sales staff to negotiate contracts, onboard new customers, and manage accounts.
- Financial Resources:
 - Capital for infrastructure investment, including equipment purchases, network expansion, and technology upgrades.

conexon

- Operational funds for day-to-day expenses such as salaries, utilities, and maintenance.
- Monitoring and Maintenance:
 - Regular monitoring of network performance and reliability.
 - Scheduled maintenance activities to upgrade equipment, apply software patches, and optimize network performance.

Horrocks.

BASIC ASSUMPTIONS

Operations Budget: \$416,000 Annual

- Remotely provided through Tribal Telecom with a fee (24K Annual)
- Local Tech's: 2 (150K Annual)
- Motor pool, tools (2 Trucks, Bucket Truck): 40K
- Maintenance Budget: (100K Annual)
- Leased Backhaul Circuit 10G or higher: (60K Annual)



FACTORS TO CONSIDER IN A FEASIBILITY STUDY

- Running an ISP requires a multidisciplinary approach involving technology, business, legal, and customer service expertise. It's a complex operation that demands careful planning, investment, and ongoing management to ensure the delivery of reliable and high-quality internet services.
- Developing a market entry strategy for Fiber-to-the-Home (FTTH) and Fiber-to-the-X (FTTX) telecommunications services requires a comprehensive understanding of the market landscape, including customer needs, competitor analysis, regulatory environment, and technological trends. Here's a structured approach to conducting a market analysis:
 - Market Size and Growth Potential
 - Customer Segmentation and Preferences
 - Competitive Analysis
 - Regulatory and Legal Environment

- Technological Trends and Infrastructure
- Financial Viability and Investment Requirements
- Marketing and Distribution Channels
- Risk Assessment and Contingency Planning



WHAT DOES FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY LOOK LIKE

Financial Stability

- Develop a business model that enables the ISP to generate sufficient revenue to cover operating expenses and investments in infrastructure expansion and maintenance.
- Diversify revenue streams beyond traditional subscription fees, such as offering value-added services, advertising, or partnering with local businesses for revenue-sharing opportunities.
- Implement cost-effective strategies to minimize operational expenses while maximizing revenue, such as leveraging open-source software, optimizing network efficiency, and negotiating favorable vendor contracts.
- Conduct regular financial assessments and performance evaluations to monitor revenue trends, identify areas for improvement, and make informed decisions to ensure long-term financial sustainability.
- Foster partnerships with government agencies, philanthropic organizations, and private sector investors to secure funding, grants, or subsidies to support initial startup costs and infrastructure development, while aiming for self-sufficiency in the long run

By integrating financial sustainability into the broader framework of a sustainable ISP for tribal lands, it ensures that the internet services provided are not only accessible, reliable, and culturally sensitive but also economically viable and self-sustaining in the long term.



REVENUE DATA

FTTH			
Houses:	1200	MRR \$75/home	Service 100/20
FTTX			
Critical Infrastructure Diverse Network:	10	MRR \$2K/site	Service 1G
Commercial Location:	50	MRR \$500/site	Service 1G



DESIGN DESCRIPTION

Critical Infrastructure Locations:

- To create a stable network for these facilities it is best to create a ring to deploy them on for diverse connections, reducing outages significantly.
- Diverse entrances into the faculties are key as well.

Non-Critical Infrastructure Locations:

• FTTH/FTTX locations built on laterals and single entrances.

Underground/Aerial:

- UG Plowing is affordable and low maintenance, reducing future costs annually.
- Aerial could be the best solution where plowing is not available.
- UG Directional Drilling could play a major role in the inner town, especially for critical infrastructure.



CAPITAL REVIEW

TUBA CITY									
Budget Overview									
Name	Miles	Feet	CPF	Total OSP Cost					
Total Build	40.46	213,628	\$15.73	\$3,361,034.74					
Totals	40.46	213,628	\$15.73	\$3,361,034.74					



SUMMARY OF SUSTAINABLE MARKET ANALYSIS

- Design Feasible
- Capital Cost \$3,361,034.74
- Operation Cost \$476,000.00
- Revenue Analysis \$1,120,000.00 (In Black)



Tribal Broadband Funding Opportunities



What opportunities are available?

Broadband Equity, Access, & Deployment (BEAD)

- $_{\odot}$ \$42.45 billion NTIA grant program
- $\,\circ\,$ For broadband deployment to unserved & underserved locations
- State Broadband Offices (SBOs) are allocated funds to be awarded to ISPs & other eligible applicants

Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program

- \circ ~\$3 billion NTIA grant program
- $\,\circ\,$ For tribal broadband deployment and adoption efforts
- NTIA will award directly to eligible tribal entities

ReConnect Loan & Grant Program

- Rural Utility Service (RUS) grant program awarding \$150 million to tribal, impoverished, and socially vulnerable entities
- $\circ\,$ RUS's parent agency is the USDA
- $\,\circ\,$ Awards made to tribal governments are for broadband deployment on tribal lands
- $\,\circ\,$ RUS will award directly to eligible entities



BEAD

Info & Resources

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)
- BEAD Initial Proposal Progress
- Each SBO will have their own BEAD Initial Proposal detailing eligibility requirements

Considerations

- Applicants must obtain a unique entity identifier through SAM.gov and provide it to the SBO
- SBOs are holding challenge periods prior to the application periods; some have already completed
- Generally, expect application periods to open starting in fall 2024
- RDOF & other areas with enforceable commitments will likely not be eligible for funding



BEAD IP Eligible Entity Progress Dashboard

Last Refreshed: 4/3/2024 4:30:00 PM EST

FOR ALL

	Vol I Draft Shared with NTIA	Vol I Released for Public Comment	Vol I Submitted for NTIA Approval	Vol I Incorporating NTIA Feedback	Vol I Approved	Vol II Draft Shared with NTIA	Vol II Released for Public Comment	Vol II Submitted for NTIA Approval	Vol II Incorporating NTIA Feedback	Vol II Approved
(10/10) Louisiana 🗶	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
(9/10) Alabama 🗙	1	~	1	1	1	~	~	1	1	
(9/10) Alaska	1	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Arizona 🎬	1	1	1	1	1	~	1	1	1	
(9/10) Arkansas 😒	1	~	1	1	1	~	1	1	1	
(9/10) Colorado 🄽	1	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) CNMI 💧	1	1	~	1	1	1	1	~	~	
(9/10) Connecticut 🐰	~	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Delaware 🧕	1	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Georgia 🔽	~	~	1	1	1	~	~	1	1	
(9/10) Illinois 💈	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Indiana	1	~	~	1	~	~	~	~	1	
(9/10) Iowa 🎽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Kansas 🧕	1	~	1	1	1	~	1	1	1	
(9/10) Kentucky 🧕	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Maine 🔋	1	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(9/10) Michigan	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program

Info & Resources

- Program Overview
- Round 2 NOFO
- Round 1 awards web map
- The program is for both deployment and adoption efforts on tribal land

Considerations

- The Round 2 application period has closed; expect a third funding round to open in the future
- Each round has made \$980 million in funding available
- Only tribal entities are eligible to receive funding through this program
- Tribal entities that previously received funding through this program are still eligible for additional funding



TBCP Award Dashboard



ReConnect Loan & Grant Program

Info & Resources

- Program Overview
- Fiscal Year 2024 NOFO
- NOFO Extension
- ReConnect awards <u>web map</u>
- Apply under the "100% Grant for Alaska Native Corporations, Tribal Governments, Colonias, Persistent Poverty Areas and Socially Vulnerable Communities" Funding Category
- Up to \$150 million in funding available

Considerations

- Submission deadline: May 21, 2024
- 90% of households in the proposed funded service area (PFSA) must lack sufficient access to broadband as defined in the latest NOFO
- Proposed network must provide 100/100 Mbps service to every premises within PFSA
- Proposed network must be in a rural area as defined in the latest NOFO
- The maximum grant ask for a single application is \$25 million
- The minimum grant ask for a single application is \$100,000



ReConnect Award Interactive Map



Other Potential Opportunities

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

 ARPA funds are sourced from the US Dept. of the Treasury. For states that have remaining ARPA rounds, such as Oklahoma, tribal entities may consider applying for funding. SBOs award ARPA funding to ISPs and other eligible entities for broadband deployment. ARPA funding consists of Capital Projects Fund money, State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund money, or a combination of both. These funding pools both have their own compliance requirements for reporting to the Treasury.

Affordable Connectivity Program – Enhanced Tribal Benefit - (Program undergoing revision)

• Up to \$75/month discount on internet service and a one-time discount of \$100 on laptop, tablet or desktop computer. Possible Lifeline program benefit of \$34.25 month. Qualification required.

Connecting Minority Communities Program

 This NTIA pilot program has ended, however, NTIA may conduct another round of funding in the future. This program is to enable purchasing of broadband equipment and enhance IT capabilities at minority colleges and minority-serving institutions. See the pilot program <u>awards</u>. NTIA awarded grants to 5 Tribal Colleges and Universities.



Connecting Minority Communities

	CMC Awa	rity Communities Program		Select Awardee Type (Multiple): TCU	Select Region: All	Se All	lect State (Multiple):	Select Institution Type		
V	Las Vegas Henderson					y	Total Awarded Grants			
	College	community ^ >			Gallup	Sa		J		
	⊕ ↔		lagst	flagstaff			Total Amount Awarded			
U.	~~~~~				Albuquerque	÷	¢11 01			
	Federal Funding	\$ 1,912,357.60	$ \rangle$				\$11,34 (0,214.10		
	Lead Institution	Tohono O'odham Community College	RIZO	INA	N	NE' IEXI	CMC Awardaas	by Program Types		
	Length	2yr					CIVIC Awardees	by mogram types		
	Primary Applicant Type	TCU					Institutional Broadband and I	Capacity – 5 Awards 4 Awards 4 Awards		
	Secondary Applicant Type		-				Digital Lite	racy Skills2 Awards 3 Awards 3 Awards 2 Awards		
	Region	Rocky Mountain						2 Awards 0 Awards		
	State	Arizona	-				C Entrepreneursnip/Smai	1 Awards 0 Awards		
м	exicali		•	Tucson	Las Cruces			O 5 10		
Esr	i, TomTom, Garmin, FAO, N	OAA, USGS, Bureau of Land M	anagem	ent, EPA, NPS, USFWS Esri, US Census Bure	au NTIA Powered by	Esri	Program Chart Desig	nation Type Totals		



Conexon

Scott Carey Senior Telecom Manager Horrocks (480) 863-6641 Scott.carey@horrocks.com Carl Meyerhoefer SVP, Business Development Conexon 828.244.1359 Carl.meyerhoefer@conexon.us

This presentation is property of Horrocks and Conexon, and cannot be circulated without prior permission. This presentation is for general information purposes and does not constitute legal advice or advice regarding your specific project. Every effort has been made to offer current and accurate information, but errors can occur. Horrocks and Conexon, Inc assume no liability or responsibility for any errors or omission in the content contained in this presentation.

